Four intervention evaluation study groupings had a total of 31 outcomes (short-term, intermediate, or long-term), including 19 net positive, 0 net negative, and 12 neutral effects. The studies available in the literature used non-randomized, group randomized and time series study designs. **Short-term Outcomes Intermediate Outcomes Environment and Long-term Outcomes Policy Indicators Addition of Water** 8 4 4 0 **Fountains in School** (e.g., provision of water fountains with plain or carbonated water) **Less Overweight Better Nutrition** and Obesity Consumption of water Body mass index 4 (1) 2 (2) 0 (1) 8 🗭 4 🗶 0 🔵 1 (4) 0 (8) 0 (-) **Addition of Water** Consumption of juice and sugar sweetened beverages **Coolers in School** 0 (4) 2 (8) 0 (-) (e.g., provision of water coolers in cafeterias) 0 1 0 Consumption of healthy foods 0 (1) 1 (2) 0 (-) **Better Purchasing** Consumption of fat or cholesterol **Behavior\*** 6 🗭 2 🕱 0 🖨 **Provision of Water** 2 (1) 1 (2) 0 (-) **Bottles to Students** (e.g., water bottles to promote water 1 (1) 0(2) 0(-) consumption) **Bringing Water** to School\* Key: **Net Positive Effect** No/Neutral Effect \*Purchasing behavior and bringing water to school were included as short-term proxies for healthy eating. No other short-term **Net Negative Effect** outcomes were reflected in the peer-reviewed literature.

Figure 12A: Provision of Drinking Water at School